



Drawing by Thure de Thulstrup; Library of Congress, Washington, D.C.

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Sheridan's Ride turned defeat into victory at the Battle of Cedar Creek, Oct. 19, 1864. He "dashed down the line, 'mid a storm of huzzas" and rallied retreating soldiers.

HIGHLIGHTS OF THE CIVIL WAR

1861

- Apr. 12 Confederate troops attacked Fort Sumter.
- Apr. 15 Lincoln issued a call for troops.
- Apr. 19 Lincoln proclaimed a blockade of the South.
- May 21 Richmond, Va. was chosen as the Confederate capital.
- July 21 Northern troops retreated in disorder after the first Battle of Bull Run (Manassas).

1862

- Feb. 6 Grant's Northern troops captured Ft. Henry.
- Feb. 16 Fort Donelson fell to Union forces.
- Mar. 9 The ironclad ships *Monitor* and *Merrimack* battled to a draw.
- Apr. 6-7 Both sides suffered heavy losses in the Battle of Shiloh, won by the Union.
- Apr. 16 The Confederacy began to draft soldiers.
- Apr. 18-29 A Union fleet under Farragut captured New Orleans.
- May 4 McClellan's Union troops occupied Yorktown, Va., and advanced on Richmond.
- May 30 Northern forces occupied Corinth, Miss.
- June 6 Memphis fell to Union armies.
- June 25-July 1 Confederate forces under Lee saved Richmond in the Battles of the Seven Days.
- Aug. 29-30 Lee and Jackson led Southern troops to victory in the second Battle of Bull Run.
- Sept. 17 Confederate forces retreated in defeat after the bloody Battle of Antietam (Sharpsburg).
- Sept. 22 Lincoln issued a preliminary Emancipation Proclamation.
- Oct. 8 Buell's forces ended Bragg's invasion of Kentucky in the Battle of Perryville.
- Dec. 13 Burnside's Union forces received a crushing blow in the Battle of Fredericksburg.
- Dec. 31-Jan. 2, 1863 Union troops under Rosecrans forced the Confederates to retreat after the Battle of Murfreesboro (Stones River).

1863

- Jan. 1 Lincoln issued the Emancipation Proclamation.
- Mar. 3 The North passed a draft law.
- May 1-4 Northern troops under Hooker were defeated in the Battle of Chancellorsville.
- May 1-19 Grant's army defeated Confederates in Mississippi and began to besiege Vicksburg.

- July 1-3 The Battle of Gettysburg ended in a Southern defeat and marked a turning point in the war.
- July 4 Vicksburg fell to Northern troops.
- July 8 Northern forces occupied Port Hudson, La.
- Sept. 19-20 Southern troops under Bragg won the Battle of Chickamauga.
- Nov. 19 Lincoln delivered the Gettysburg Address.
- Nov. 23-25 Grant and Thomas led Union armies to victory in the Battle of Chattanooga.

1864

- Mar. 9 Grant became general in chief of the North.
- Apr. 8-9 Federal troops under Banks met defeat in the Red River expedition.
- May 5-6 Union and Confederate troops clashed in the Battle of the Wilderness.
- May 8-12 Grant and Lee held their positions in the Battle of Spotsylvania Court House.
- June 3 The Union suffered heavy losses in the Battle of Cold Harbor.
- June 20 Grant's troops laid siege to Petersburg, Va.
- July 11-12 Early's Confederate forces almost reached Washington, but retreated after brief fighting.
- Aug. 5 Farragut won the Battle of Mobile Bay.
- Sept. 2 Northern troops under Sherman captured Atlanta.
- Nov. 8 Lincoln was re-elected President.
- Nov. 15 Sherman began his march to the sea.
- Nov. 16 Hood invaded Tennessee.
- Nov. 30 Schofield's Union forces inflicted heavy losses on Hood in the Battle of Franklin.
- Dec. 15-16 The Battle of Nashville smashed Hood's army.
- Dec. 21 Sherman's troops occupied Savannah, Ga.

1865

- Feb. 3 The Hampton Roads Peace Conference failed to end the war.
- Feb. 6 Lee became general in chief of the South.
- Apr. 2 Confederate troops gave up Petersburg and Richmond.
- Apr. 9 Lee surrendered to Grant at Appomattox.
- Apr. 14 Lincoln was assassinated.
- Apr. 26 Johnston surrendered to Sherman.
- May 4 Confederate forces in Alabama and Mississippi surrendered.
- May 26 The last Confederate troops surrendered.



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